

ultrasonic motor being mounted to a conductive member through which a power supply current is passed from the power supply to the electrical device, the ultrasonic motor comprising: a driving circuit for producing an oscillatory wave; a power source for powering the driving circuit; a piezoelectric element driven by the driving circuit to undergo vibration, the piezoelectric element and the driving circuit cooperating to form a self-oscillation circuit; an oscillating member in contact with the piezoelectric element for oscillating in response to vibration of the piezoelectric element; a moving body contacting the oscillating member to undergo movement in response to oscillation of the oscillating member; and a pressing mechanism for urging the moving body against the oscillating member; wherein the ultrasonic motor is mounted to the conductor such that a current path would exist between the conductor and an electrode of the piezoelectric element if the components of the ultrasonic motor were formed of conductive materials, and at least one of the oscillating member, the pressing mechanism and the moving body which could, if formed of a conductor, provide the current path between the conductor and the electrode of the piezoelectric element is formed of an insulating material so as to prevent formation of the current path without the need for an additional insulator between the conductor and the ultrasonic motor.

C¹
cond

12

13. (Amended) In an electronic apparatus having a power supply for supplying power to an electrical device and a movable member driven by an ultrasonic motor, the ultrasonic motor being mounted to a conductive member serving through which a power supply current is passed from the power supply to the electrical device, the ultrasonic motor comprising: a piezoelectric element; a driving circuit cooperating with the piezoelectric element to form a self-oscillation circuit for vibrating the piezoelectric element; a power source for supplying power to the electronic apparatus and to the driving circuit; an oscillating member in contact with the piezoelectric element to undergo oscillation in response to vibration of the piezoelectric element; a moving body disposed on the oscillating member to undergo movement in response to oscillation of the oscillating member; and a pressing mechanism for urging the moving body against the oscillating member; wherein the ultrasonic motor is mounted to the conductor such that a current path would exist between the conductor and an electrode of the piezoelectric element if the components of the ultrasonic motor were formed of conductive materials, and at least one component of the ultrasonic motor which, if formed with a conductive surface, could serve as the current path between the conductor and the electrode of the piezoelectric element, is formed with an insulating surface so that an additional insulator is not needed between the conductor and the ultrasonic motor.